2024 年度 公募制推薦入試<前期> 2023 年 11 月 22 日実施分





Ⅰ 次の英文を読んで、後の英文(1)~(10)の空所(①)~(⑩)を埋めるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ与えられた1~4より一つずつ選びなさい。

The Secondhand Boom

In Britain, attitudes toward buying and wearing secondhand clothes have changed. Now, 43% of Britons have bought used clothes and 24% are interested in doing so. In fact, the market for used clothes has recently grown 21 times faster than the retail market.

There are three main reasons why buying used clothes is becoming so popular. First, thanks to social media, young people are being photographed more than ever before and want a greater variety of clothing in order to change their (a) look. Buying secondhand clothes means they can easily change their wardrobes^{**}. Second, young people (b) are more aware of sustainability^{**} in fashion. Third, secondhand clothing is usually cheaper than new clothing. Many young people want designer or branded clothing, and it is cheaper to buy these secondhand.

Where do young people buy secondhand clothes? Many people shop at secondhand clothing stores and charity shops. However, the biggest drivers^{**} of the used clothes market are apps, such as Depop. Depop is a shopping app, but it is also a kind of social media tool. Buyers can "like" and "follow" sellers that interest them. Top sellers on Depop can \underline{cean} up to six figures^{**}. One top seller, Isabella Vrana, says she is successful because she sells clothes that she actually likes and wears. Her store's popularity shows how the platform is bringing buyers and sellers together. One fashion retail expert says that today, people want to buy from somebody they can "resonate with^{**}," rather than from big stores.

In a world where image is important and variety is everything, the secondhand clothing (d) trend seems to be here to stay.

(Osamu Takeuchi, Akihiko Sasaki, Daisuke Kawamitsu, Mizuki Moriyasu, Integrity Beginner: Vitalize Your English Studies with Authentic Videos, 2023, 金星堂)

注 wardrobe: 衣服 sustainability: 持続可能性 driver: 推進力 six figures: 6桁 resonate with: 共感する

- (1) In Britain, (①) of the people have interest in buying used clothes.
 - 1. two-thirds 2. nearly half
 - 3. almost a quarter 4. none
- (2) It is getting popular to buy secondhand clothes in Britain partly because young people can (
 (2)).
 - 1. see clothes in photos before selling them
 - 2. easily show themselves in different clothes in photos
 - 3. spend less time washing their clothes and save time
 - 4. easily sell their used clothes to shops and get money
- (3) The underlined word (a) "look" is closest in meaning to ((3)).
 1. sight 2. appearance 3. view 4. scenery
- (4) The underlined phrase (b) "are more aware of" is closest in meaning to (4).
 - 1. care more about 2. are more excited about
 - 3. are less curious about 4. pay less attention to
- (5) One of the reasons why young people buy used clothes is that (5).
 - 1. they are interested in clothes they can wear more often
 - 2. designers' secondhand clothes are less expensive
 - 3. they are not as interested in clothes as before
 - 4. secondhand clothes are lighter than new ones
- (6) According to the reading, many young people now get secondhand clothes
 (6)).
 - 1. from their friends 2. at big stores in big cities
 - 3. by doing charity work 4. by using shopping apps
- (7) According to the reading, by using Depop, $(\bigcirc \bigcirc)$.
 - 1. people can buy clothes from sellers they like
 - 2. sellers can choose people who buy their clothes
 - 3. big stores can open more online stores
 - 4. sellers can sell only women's clothes
- (8) The underlined word \bigcirc "earn" is closest in meaning to (\bigcirc).
 - 1. open stores 2. contact people
 - 3. make money 4. use smartphones

(9) The writer thinks that secondhand clothes will stay popular as long as people
 (9)).

- 1. dislike new images
- 2. buy the cheapest things
- 3. move around more often 4. think image is important in fashion

(10) The underlined word (d) "trend" is closest in meaning to (10).
1. group 2. decision 3. company 4. movement

Ⅲ 次の会話文を読んで、空所(⑪)~(⑮)を埋めるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ与 えられた1~4より一つずつ選びなさい。

This conversation takes place during an interview for a university entrance examination. The interviewer is meeting a high school student interested in studying engineering.

Interviewer : Hello, nice to meet you. Please tell me about yourself.

Hiroshi : Hi, I'm Hiroshi Hatanaka from Tokyo. I'm 18 years old.

- Interviewer : Nice to meet you, Hiroshi. (①)?
 - Hiroshi : I'm interested in engineering, and I've heard your university has a good engineering program. I think it can help me prepare for my future career.

Interviewer : That's great to hear. (①)?

Hiroshi : In the next five years, I aim to complete my engineering degree, find a good job in the industry, and possibly gain international experience by studying abroad.

Interviewer : Wonderful, Hiroshi. ((13))?

Hiroshi : Are there any engineering-related clubs or activities available at your university? I'm interested in getting involved outside of my classes.

Interviewer : (④)! We have several engineering clubs and additional activities where you can engage in practical projects and work with other classmates.

Hiroshi : (¹⁵). Thank you for the information.

Interviewer : Thank you for coming today. We will be in touch with you soon regarding the result. Goodbye!

Hiroshi : Thank you. Goodbye!

- 1. How did you get here today
 - 2. What high school do you attend
 - 3. Who will apply to this university
 - 4. Why do you want to join our university

- ⁽¹⁾ 1. How did you get information about this university
 - 2. What are your goals in the near future
 - 3. What did you do during high school
 - 4. Which university would you like to enter
- ③ 1. Do you have a dream for the next five years
 - 2. Do you have any questions for me
 - 3. Does your high school have an engineering teacher
 - 4. Would you like to end the interview now
- Absolutely
 Absolutely
 Good luck
 No, unfortunately
 Pardon
- 1. I think so, too
 3. That's great to know
 4. That's too bad
- Ⅲ 次の英文(1)~(5)の空所(⑯)~(⑳)を埋めるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ 与えられた1~4より一つずつ選びなさい。
 - (1) The family travelled (¹⁶) the country in a bus.
 - 1. among 2. across 3. between 4. with
 - (2) The students (\square) completed their homework on time all month.
 - 1. didn't 2. did 3. haven't 4. couldn't
 - (3) Some people ((18)) movies to art.
 - 1. like 2. likes 3. prefer 4. prefers
 - (4) ((19)) win some, you lose some.
 1. You 2. He 3. Them 4. It
 - (5) The door was () open all night.
 1. right 2. left 3. above 4. below

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英語		
解答番号	解答	配点
1	3	2
2	3 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
3 4 5	2	2
4	1	2
5	2	2
6 (7)	4	2
$\overline{\mathcal{O}}$	1	2 2 2 2 3
8 9	3	2
9	4	2
	4	2
	4	3
(12)	2	3
(13)	2 1	3 3 3
(14)		3
(15)	3	3
16	2 3 3	3 3
1	3	3
(18)	3	3
19	1	3
20	2	3